DAILY CONSERVATIVE.

JOHN B. NEATHERY, PRINTER TO THE STATE.

THE CONSERVATIVE is published daily and weekly, (Sundays excepted,) at FIVE DOLLARS for one month; FIFTEEN DOLLARS for three months; and TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS for six months for the daily. SIX DOLLARS for three months; TEN DOLLARS for six months to the weekly, in advance.

No subscriptions to either Daily or Weekly received for a longer time than six months.

POETICAL.

TELL ME, YE WINGED WINDS.

Tell me, ye winged winds,
That round my pathway roar,
Do you not know some spot
Where mortals weep no more?
Some lone and pleasant dell,
Some valley in the west,
Where, free from toil and pain,
The weary soul may rest?
The loud wind softened to a whisper low,
And sighed for pity as it answered "No!"

Tell me, thou mighty deep,
Whose billows round me play,
Know'st though some favored spot,
Some island far away,
Where weary man may find
The bliss for which he sighs;
Where sorrow never lives
And friendship never dies?
The loud waves, rolling in perpetual flow,
Stopped for a while, and sighed to answer "No!"

And thou, serenest moon,
That with such holy face
Dost look upon the earth,
Asleep in night's embrace,
Tell me in all thy round
Hast thou not seen some spot
Where miserable man
Might find a happier lot?
Behind a cloud the moon withdrew in woe,
And a voice, sweet, but sad, responded "No!"

Tell me, my secret soul,
O, tell me, hope and faith,
Is there no resting place
From sorrow, sin and death?
Is there no happy spot,
Where mortals may be blessed,
Where grief may find a balm,
And weariness a rest?
Faith, Hope and Love—best boon to mortals given,
Waved their bright wings and whispered, "Yes' in Heaven!"

CHARLES MCKAY.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

SCHEDULE OF PRICES FOR NORTH CAROLINA.

The period for the publication of the Schedule of Prices to govern Agents of the Government, for the next sixty days, having arrived, the Commissioners of the State of North Carolina adopt the last Schedule with the exception of the few changes shown below. The illness of Mr. Mordecai, depriving us of his services, we have called in Mr. Wm. H. Jones of this city, who has kindly given us the benefit of his judgment as umpire on the present occasion.

Apples,	dried, good, peeled, per bush. 28 lbs.	5 00
"	unpeeled. per bush. of 28 lbs.	3 50
Axes,	with handles, each,	12 50
"	without handles each,	12 00
Bacon,	per pound, hog round,	3 00
Beans,	white or cornfield, per bush. 60 pounds,	7 50
Brandy,	apple, per gallon,	10 00
"	peach, per gallon,	10 00
Beef,	fresh, net per pound,	1 00
"	fresh, gross, per pound,	50
"	salted, per pound,	1 50
Candles,	tallow, per pound,	3 00
"	adamantine, per pound,	8 75
Chains,	trace, per pair,	11 00
Cloth,	woolen, for soldiers' clothes, ⅞ yard wide, 10 oz to yard, and *pro rata* as to greater or less weight or width, per yard	6 00
Cotton,	raw, per lb.,	1 00
Coffee,	Rio, per pound	4 50
Corn,	unshelled, per bush., 70 lbs.,	5 00
Corn Meal,	sacks not included, per bush. of 50 pounds,	5 20
Drills,	cotton, ⅞ yard wide 3 yards to pound, per yard,	80
Flour,	extra family, per bbl 196 lbs.,	45 00
"	extra superfine, per bbl. 196 pounds,	41 25
"	superfine, per bbl. 196 lbs	37 50
"	fine, per barrel of 196 lbs.	33 75
Fodder,	baled, per 100 pounds,	4 00
"	unbaled, per 100 pounds,	3 50
Hats,	wool each,	5 00
Hay,	baled per 100 pounds,	4 00
"	unbaled, per 100 pounds,	3 50
Hides,	dry, extra per pound,	3 00
"	" "	2 50
"	green, per pound,	1 50
Horses,	artillery, 1st class, per head,	1,000 00
"	artillery, 2d class, per head	800 00
House rent,	per room per month,	20 00
Iron,	Pig, No. 1, per ton, 2000 lbs	350 00
"	" " 2, " " 2000 lbs	314 00
"	" " 3, " " 2000 lbs	278 00
"	Bloom, " " 2000 lbs	710 00
"	Smith's square or round, per ton of 2000 pounds,	1030 00
"	serviceable railroad, per ton of 2240 pounds.	400 00
Jeans,	wool, domestic, per yard,	10 00
Kettles,	camp, iron per pound,	30
Lumber,	good, per 1,000 feet,	50 00
Lard,	per pound,	2 75
Leather,	sole per pound,	6 00
"	upper per pound,	7 00
"	harness per pound,	7 00
Molasses,	cane, per gallon,	5 00
"	sorghum, per gallon,	10 00
Mules,	1st class, per head,	1,000 00
"	2d class, per head,	800 00
"	3d class, per head,	500 00
Nails,	per keg,	100 00
Oats,	sheaf, baled, per 100 lbs.	5 25
"	sheaf, unbaled, per 100 lbs.	4 50
"	baled per 100 pounds,	5 25
"	shelled, per bushel,	4 00
Osnaburgs,	cotton ¾ yard wide, 7 oz. to yard, per yard,	1 50
"	cotton, ⅞ yard wide, 8 oz. to yard, per yard,	1 75
Onions,	per bushel	8 00
Oxen work,	1st quality, per yoke,	1000 00
" "	2d quality, per yoke,	600 00
Peas,	cow, per bushel of 60 lbs.	7 50
Potatoes,	Irish, per bushel of 60 lbs.	4 00
"	sweet, per bushel of 60 lbs.	4 00
Peaches,	dried peeled, per bushel of 38 lbs.	8 50
"	unpeeled per bushel of 38 lbs.	5 00
Pork,	fresh, nett, per pound,	2 00
"	salted, per pound,	2 52
"	gross,	1 40
Pasturage,	1st quality near town, per head, per month,	8 00
"	common, near town, per head per month,	5 00
"	1st quality in the country, per head, per month,	7 00
"	common, in the country, per head, per month,	4 00
Quinine,	good, per ounce,	56 00
Rice,	new, per pound,	50
"	old, per pound,	40
Rye,	good, per bushel of 56 lbs.	5 00
Sacks,	two bushels, osnaburgs, each,	3 00
Shirting,	cotton, 3¾ yard wide, 4½ yds. to pound, per yard,	1 30
"	cotton ⅞ yard wide, 3¾ yard to pound, per yard,	1 10
Cotton stripes,	3 yards to lb., per yard,	1 75
Salt	Coast, per bushel of 50 lbs.,	20 00
"	Liverpool, per bushel of 50 pounds,	35 00
"	Virginia, per bushel of 50 pounds	25 00
Steel,	cast, per pound,	8 00
Shoes,	army, per pair,	15 00
Shoe thread,	flax, per pound,	10 00
Socks,	soldiers' wool, per pair,	2 00
Sheep,	fat, per head,	35 00
Sugar,	brown, common, per pound,	3 00
Soap,	hard, per pound,	1 00
"	soft, per pound,	75
Shucks,	baled, 100 lbs,	4 00
Shorts,	good, per bushel of 22 lbs,	75
Ship stuff,	good, per bushel of 37 lbs,	1 40
Tea,	black, per pound,	5 00
"	green, per pound,	8 00
Tent cloth,	cotton, 10 oz. to yard, per yard,	1 50
Tobacco,	No. 1, extra,	3 00
"	No. 1,	2 50
"	No. 2,	1 75
"	Lugs,	1 25
Tallow,	clean, per pound,	2 50
Vinegar,	cider, per gallon,	2 00
"	manufactured, per gallon,	1 00
Whiskey,	good, per gallon,	10 00
Wheat,	good, per bushel of 60 lbs,	7 50
"	bran, per bushel of 17 lbs	50
Wool,	washed, per pound,	8 00
"	unwashed, per pound,	6 00
Wagons,	wood axle, 4 horse, new, each	350 00
"	wood axle, two horse, new, each	250 00
Yarn,	cotton, per bunch of 5 lbs,	8 00

HIRE OF LABOR, TEAMS, WAGONS AND HORSES.

Baling long forage, per hundred lbs,	75
Shelling and bagging corn, sacks furnished by government, per bushel,	25
Hire of two horse teams, wagon and driver, rations furnished by owner, per day,	12 00
Hire of two horse teams, wagon and driver, rations furnished by government, per day,	7 00
Hire of four horse teams, wagon and driver, rations furnished by owner, per day,	20 00
Hire of four horse teams, wagon and driver rations furnished by government per day.	10 50
Hire of six horse teams, wagon and driver, rations furnished by owner, per day.	26 00
Hire of six horse teams, wagon and driver, rations furnished by government. per day,	13 50
Hire of laborer, rations furnished by owner, per day.	4 00
Hire of laborer, rations furnished by government, per day,	2 50
Hire of laborer, rations furnished by owner, per month,	90 00
Hire of laborer, rations furnished by government, per month,	45 00
Hire of horses, per day,	2 00

The Commissioners respectfully suggest that if it be found practicable, the producer should be allowed to retain a fourth of his surplus, to be sold at market rates, to pay for their necessary plantation supplies when they have to purchase at high market prices. They earnestly call upon the farmers to bring forward their corn now so necessary to the support of the army in their immediate front, and which alone will only prevent the loss to the enemy, of all their crops, stocks, negroes, &c. &c. The commissioners would also recommend that the impressment should be universal and uniform, leaving out no one.

For the information of all persons concerned, we publish the following instructions, with the hope that they will be strictly obeyed.

"No officer, or agent, shall impress the necessary supplies which any person may have for the consumption of himself, his family employees, slaves, or to carry on his ordinary mechanical, manufacturing or agricultural employments."

The next meeting of the board will be held in the Senate Chamber, in the city of Raleigh, on Monday, the 6th day of February next, unless sooner changed.

Impressing agents must furnish good and satisfactory reasons for disapprovals on appeals, or the award of local appraisers will be approved.

All communications should be addressed to the Secretary of the Board, Raleigh N. C.

(Signed) H. K. BURGWYN,
Garysburg, N. C.
R. V. BLACKSTOCK,
Stocksville, N. C.
Com'rs Appraisement for the State of N. C.

WM. H. JONES, Umpire.

Raleigh, Dec. 7, 1864. 197—w2t.

Wilmington Journal, Fayetteville Observer, Greensboro' Patriot, Charlotte Democrat, Asheville News, Hendersonville Times, copy weekly two times and send bills to Maj. W. W. Peirce, Chief Quartermaster, with a copy of the paper containing advertisement; also a copy to each of the Commissioners.

LAND FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL AT THE LATE RESIDENCE OF DR. E. M. Scott, dec'd., four miles from Durham's Station, Orange county, N. C., on the 3d of January, 1865, two valuable tracts of land One of 143 acres, with a comfortable framed dwelling; the other of 200 acres, well improved, a large dwelling with three rooms and basement and necessary out houses.

The latter place will be sold subject to dower. Cash, or six months credit will be given.

J. C. McCOWN, Adm'r.

December 7, 1864. 196—2*.

WANTED.

OFFICE OF CHIEF Q. M.,
Raleigh, 6th Dec., 1864.

I NEED GOOD SHOEMAKERS.—ALL SURGEONS of Examining Boards, who may find such experts unfit for duty in the field, are requested to order the parties to report to me for duty in Government Shops.

W. W. PEIRCE,
Maj. and Q. M.

196—d3t.

NOTICE.

AS ADMINISTRATOR OF THE ESTATE OF JOHN Wright, deceased, I shall proceed to sell in the town of Goldsboro', on Thursday, the 5th of January next several valuable Negroes, one Shoemaker, and one Farm Blacksmith in the lot. At the same time and place, will sell some articles of Furniture. We will also hire out for the balance of the year some other negroes, connected with the settlement of the estate.

Terms made known on day of sale.

WM. B. EDMUNDSON, Adm'r.

Goldsboro', Dec. 6, 1864. 196—3t.

FIVE HUNDRED HANDS WANTED.

FIVE HUNDRED HANDS WANTED TO WORK on the grading and laying of the Chatham Railroad. The highest market price will be given, and hands well taken care of.

Also, 100 Carpenters.

Also, a Portable Steam Saw Mill wanted.

Apply to KEMP P. BATTLE.
President, Raleigh, N. C.
or to J. E. ALLEN, Sup't.,
Cary, N. C.

Dec. 8, 1864. 196—tf.

NOTICE.

WILL BE SOLD TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER ON Tuesday, the 13th December, at the residence of Samuel Brittle, dec'd, in Southampton county, Va., 2½ miles from Boykin's Depot, all of his crop of Corn, Fodder, Cotton, stock of Mules, Cows, Fat and out Hogs, farming utensils, &c.

B. W. BRITTLE, Executor.

December 7, 1864. 196—5t*

DAILY CONSERVATIVE.

Vol. I.] RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1864. [No. 198.

DECEMBER, 1864.

CATALOGUE OF SOUTHERN SHEET MUSIC,

FOR SALE BY

BRANSON & FARRAR,

RALEIGH, N. C.

PIANO SONGS.

‡ Annie of the Vale	T R Thomas	D	1,50
Annie Laurie	[Scotch]		1,50
Angel of Dreams	E O Eaton		2 25
Aura Lee	Joseph Kelp	D	2,00
* All Quiet Along the Potomac	J H Hewitt	D	1,50
Ah! I sigh to rest Me		D	1,50
Bonnie Eloise	Thomas	D	2,00
Ben Bolt	Knauss		1,50
By the Camp Fires Lonely Watch	Eaton		2,00
Bird of Beauty	Scott		2 00
Bonni Blue Flag	Harry McCarthy		2,00
Bonny Jean	Osborne		2,00
Boys Keep Your Powder Dry	F G Mayer		1,50
Brave Boys are They	Mordaunt		2,00
Call me not Back from the echo ess shore	Harry Tucker	D	1 50
Chimes of the Monastry	L Mugnen	D	1,00
Camp Fire Song	E O Eaton		2,00
Carrie Bell	La Hache		1,50
Confederate Flag	G George		2,00
Cottage by the Sea	Thomps		2,00
Castles in the Air	Scotch		2,00
Dixie the Land of King Cotton	J H Hewett	D	1,50
Dearest then I'll Love You More		D	1,00
Darling Little Blue Eyed Nell	Buckley		2,00
Dixie War Song	A Noir		2,00
Dreams	Hodges		2,00
Darling Nelly Gray	Hanby		2 00
Dearest Spot of Earth to me is Home	Wrighton		2,00
Do They Miss me at Home	Grannis		1,50
*Drummer Boy of Shiloh	E C Ho ley		2,00
Dying Carrie	Julia Daly		2,00
Dear Mother I've Come Home to Die	Henry Tucker		2,00
Dear Mother I've Come Home Again	Fred Wilson		2,00
Ever of Thee [Duett]	Hall		2,00
Each Hour of Life	Badenzewska		2,00
Faire Belle	Foster	D	1,00
Faded Flowers	James Powers	D	1,50
Farewell Enchanting Hope	Felix Lessing	D	1,50
Freedom's Muster Drum	J H Hewett		2,50
Goodbye Sweetheart		D	2,00
†God Save the South	Ellerbrock	D	2,00
God Will Defend the Right	A Lady		1,50
Goodbye at the Door	S Glover		2,00
Harp of the South Awake	C L Peticolus	D	1,50
†Her Bright Smiles Haunts me still	Wrighton	D	1,50
Hurrah for Our Flag	T B Russell	D	2,00
I am Dreaming Still of Thee	F Beckley	D	2,00
I Cannot Forget Thee	Alban Visher		1,50
I'm Be a Star	Jerken		2,00
I'll Choose to be a Daisey	Buckley		2,00
I'm Leaving Thee in Sorrow Annie	Pooker		2,00
I see her still in my Dreams	Foster		1,50
I will not Quite Forget	H Schoeller		1,50
I would Like to Change my Name	La Hache		2,00
I have No Mother		D	2,00
It is better to Laugh than be Sighing			2,00
I Remember the Hour When Sadly we Parted			2,00
I Dream of Thee	E O Daton		2,00
Juanita	Norton	D	1,50

December 9, 1864. 197—d&w2t.

Headquarters Reserve, N. C.,
Raleigh Dec. 1st, 1864

General Orders
No. 19.

ALL MEMBERS OF THE SENIOR RESERVES OF NORTH Carolina who are absent from their commands without proper authority, are ordered to rejoin them without delay.—County Enrolling Officers are made responsible for the apprehension of such as do not at once comply with this order.

By command of Lt. Gen. HOLMES.

JNO. W. HINSDALE,
A. A. General.

Dec. 2, 1864. 191—

BOXES FOR SOLDIERS.

ALL BOXES FOR SOLDIERS OR PRISONERS OF War from North Carolina, delivered to the following named persons will be promptly forwarded free of charge:

Sprague Brothers, Salisbury.
Dr D F Summey, Asheville.
Dr W A Collett, Morganton.
Dr J W Allison, Statesville.
Dr J L Neagle, Greensboro.
Mr A Bagan, Charlotte.
Mr Edward Hege, Salem.
Capt J N McDowell, Raleigh.
Joseph A Worth, Fayetteville.
E Murray & Co., Wilmington.
Mr F L Bond, Tarboro.
Mr J A J Askew, Colerain.
Mr F L Roberts, Murfreesboro.

The Boxes should be well hooped, properly marked, and delivered in time for my Special Messenger who leaves Raleigh on the first day of every month

EDWARD WARREN,
Surgeon General N C.

Raleigh, Oct. 29, 1864. 163—tf.

Post Q. M. Department, C. S. A.,
RALEIGH, Dec. 6, 1864.

I WISH TO HIRE (3) THREE NO. 1 TEAMSTERS FOR Capt. S. S. Kirkland, A. Q. M., Hillsboro', N. C.

(2) Six Stout Laborers to bale forage for J. J Mine'ree, Agent Q. M. Department, Raleigh. Pay, $37,50 per month, medical attendance and rations.

195—6t. W. E. PEIRCE, Capt. & A. Q. M.

Important Sale of Valuable Negroes at Auction.

WILL BE SOLD IN FRONT OF OUR SALES ROOM ON Tuesday, the 13th Dec., 30 Valuable Negroes, consisting of men and women, among them a good blacksmith, and one good shoe maker, a number of young women, girls, boys, and children, cooks, house servants and field hands. Taking all together, the most valuable and desirable lot of negroes that have been offered for sale in this market. Persons in want of valuable young servants would do well to attend this sale as it affords a rare opportunity to supply themselves. They are sold for no fault.

CREECH & LITCHFORD,
Auct. and Com. Mer.

Dec. 6, 1864. 194—td.

MACHINERY AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

ON THE 15TH DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT AT THE Deep River Armory or Cotton Mills ½ mile from Jamestown Depot, we will sell at public auction the following articles of Machinery, viz: Turning Laths, Drill Presses, Smoothing Stabbing and Boring Machines, Shafting, Hangers and Pulleys of various sizes and kinds, a large lot of Belting, Blacksmiths Tools, and about twenty thousand pounds of Iron. The sale will continue from day to day until the articles are disposed of. Terms cash.

MENDENHALL, JONES & GARDNER.

Nov. 30, 1864. 189—d2w.

FOR RENT.

THE BRICK STORE AND DWELLING HOUSE ON FAYetteville Street adjoining Mr. James M. Towles is for rent for the ensuing year.

T. H. SELBY.

Dec. 2, 1864, 191—tf.
Progress copy till forbid.

LOST

A FEW NIGHTS AGO AT YARBOROUGH'S HOTEL a piece of gold weighing twenty pennyweights. A libera reward will be paid at this office to the finder.

Sorghum Mills and Boilers.

JUST RECEIVED, FROM SAPONA IRON WORKS, ANother supply of two and three Roller Mills and Boilers from 20 to 100 gallons. Kept constantly on hand a large supply of Ovens, Spiders, and extra Lids.

JAMES M. TOWLES, Agt.,
for Sapona Iron Works.

August 13th, 1864. 97—tf.

SWEEDS IRON IN EXCHANGE FOR PORK.

I HAVE A SMALL LOT OF SWEEDS IRON SUITable for plows, that I will exchange with farmers for young fat pork pound for pound, hogs weighing above 160 pounds each, under 190 lbs pound of iron for pound and a quarter of pork. My iron is in bars of 150 to 175 lbs. each, and no fixtures for cutting, best bring pork to agree in weight with the iron. This exchange will be made only between the 1st and 15th January, 1865. Contracts had best be made between this and the 1st January.

Shee ings and Cotton Yarns expected by the 18th inst. for sale at small advance on cost.

W. H. AVERA,
Smithfield, N. C.

December 7, 1864. 196—6t*.

☞ Standard copy in Weekly two weeks.

ORPHAN ENDOWMENT FUND.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO THIS FUND MAY BE MADE to Geo. W. Mordecai Jno. G. Williams and W H Jones, Cashier. C. F. DEEMS.

Raleigh, Oct. 29, 1864. 263—tf.

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEES.

SENATE STANDING COMMITTEES.

Propositions and Grievances—Messrs Smith, Aycock, Winstead, Odom, Blount, McCorkle, and Jones.

Privileges and Elections—Messrs. Wright, Ellis, Bagley, Grier, Horton, Kirby, and Sanders.

Judiciary—Messrs. Warren, Wright, Leitch, Bogle, Bryson, Winstead, and Dick.

Internal Improvements—Messrs. Leitch, Horton, Matthews, Ellis, Straughn, Jones, and Lassiter.

Claims—Messrs. Speight, Powell, Taylor, Adams, Snead, March, and Ward.

Education and Literary Fund—Messrs. Dick, Lassiter, Lindsay, McEachern, Bagley, Long, and Whitford.

Banks and Currency—Messrs. Bagley, Winstead, Long, Miller, Patton, Courts, and Bryson.

Corporations—Messrs. Arendell, Smith, Wynne, Harris, Berry, Blount, and Aycock.

Agriculture—Messrs. Powell, McEachern, McCorkle, Jones, Lindsay, Mann, and Odom.

SENATE BRANCH OF JOINT COMMITTEES.

Finance—Messrs. Wiggins, Pool, Courts, Patterson, Berry, Long, Harris, and Lassiter.

Military Affairs—Messrs. Stubbs, Patton, and Pitchford.

Public Buildings and Grounds—Messrs. Berry and Powell.

Cherokee Lands and Western Turnpikes—Messrs. Bryson, Horton, and Patton.

Swamp Lands—Messrs. Lindsay, Wynne, and Mann.

Public Library—Messrs. Ellis, Speight, and Lassiter.

Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum—Messrs. Arendell, Odom, and Crump.

Insane Asylum—Messrs. Pool, Miller, and Arendell.

HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEES.

Judiciary—Messrs. Carter, Fowle, Person, Shober, Caldwell, George, McAden, Dargan, Sharpe, Morrisey, and J. H. Headen.

Education—Messrs. Henry, Best, Crawford, of Wayne, Hawes, Davis, of Franklin, Clapp, Polk, Beam, Erwin, Patton, and Bryan.

Internal Improvements—Messrs. Mann, Joyner, Powell, McLean, Rogers, Harrison, Jordan, Crawford, of Rowan, McMillan, Love and Gidney.

Claims—Messrs. Patterson, Smith, of Johnston, Grier, Vann, Gibbs, Russ, W. J. Headen, Reinhardt, Boyd, Isbell and Wheeler.

Agriculture—Messrs. Perkins, Outterbridge, Simmons, Little, Alford, Strong, Harris, Shipp, Johnson, Brown, of Madison, Davis, of Halifax.

Propositions and Grievances—Messrs. Allison, Duke Cobb, Murrill, Russell, Alston, Flynt, Harrington, Costner, Lyle, and Faison

Privileges and Elections—Messrs. Hanes, Henry, Carter, Murphey, Person, Fowle, McGehee, Shober, Sharpe, Horton of Watauga, and Phillips.

Private Bills—Messrs. Horton, of Wilkes, Bond of Bertie, Lane, Lewis, Blair, Austin, Hassell, Farmer, Judkins, Faucette, Bethune, Waugh, Carson, of Rutherford, Herbert, Powell, McMillan, Craig, and Enloe.

Corporations—Messrs. Waugh, Mann, Cobb, Powell, Morrisey, Peace, Stipe, Ashworth, Grier, of Alexander, and Gudger.

HOUSE BRANCH OF JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

Finance—Messrs. Shepherd, Amis, Brown of Mecklenburg, McGehee, Murphy, Phillips, Cunningham and Lowe.

Military Affairs—Messrs. Grissom, Cowles, Stancill, Pool and Gaskins.

Public Buildings—Messrs. Albritton, Caho and Calloway.

Cherokee Lands and Western Turnpikes—Messrs. Young, Gudger, Ashesworth, Banks and Polk.

Swamp Lands—Messrs. Bond, of Gates, Wooten, Perkins, Cobb, and Carter.

Public Library—Messrs. Benbury, Smith of Duplin and Stipe.

Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylum—Messrs. McCormick, Holton, Joyner, Costner and Latham.

Insane Asylum—Messrs. Carson, of Alexander, Riddick, Baxter, Peace and Smith of Cabarrus.

Claims for Deceased Officers and Soldiers.

WILSON, N. C., June 20, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN APPOINTED A COMmissioner to investigate, collect and pay over to the parties entitled thereto, all claims for bounty arrearages of pay and allowances, due to the representatives of deceased officers and soldiers from this State.

The parties entitled are: first, the widow of the deceased, if any, if there be no widow then, secondly, the child or children, if there be such, if there be neither widow or children then, thirdly, the father, if there be neither widow, child, children or father then, fourthly, the mother of the deceased, and in default of all of these then, fifthly, the executor or administrator of the deceased.

The claimant or claimants must furnish his, her or their affidavit, and that of one disinterested witness as to the relationship, and in all cases, where the claimant is not the widow, the affidavit must negative the existence of a claimants of a higher order. The Justice of the Peace, before whom the affidavit is subscribed must certify to the credibility of the witness, and Clerk of the County Court must certify, under the seal of the Court, that he is a Justice of the Peace.

If the claimant or claimant be a child or children of the deceased; and he, she or they be minors, the claim must be propounded by his, her or their guardian, and the fact of his being guardian must be certified to, under seal of the County Court Clerk.

When the claims is made by an executor or administrator, the fact of the executorship or seal by the County Court Clerk.

All of these papers should be sent in duplicate.

Any person directly interested will be furnished, upon application to me, with a proper form of these papers in full; a copy of which, for the greater convenience of parties, will be forwarded as soon as may be practicable to each County Court Clerk.

This commission is intended to facilitate the collection of these claims, and save the claimants all expense.

Parties interested may materially aid me in the investigation of their claims, if at the time of forwarding their paper to me, they will inform me of the date of the death of the deceased, where he died, was killed, whether or not they or any one for them, have received the personal effects which deceased had with him at the time of his death, and whether or not the deceased (if a non commissioned officer or private,) had ever received the State's bounty.

It is very desirable that all claims should be forwarded at as early as may be practicable. In all cases, give the claimants, Post Office and County in full.

JNO. A. STANLY,
Commissioner.

161—tf.

Southern Express Company.

CHARLOTTE, N. C

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE ALL BOXES which are securely fastened and strapped, containing stores for the N. C. Troops in the field, marked to the care of Surgeon General Warren, Raleigh, will be forwarded without expense to either shipper or consignor, and will have preference over all other freight excepting that of the same class from other States.

L. F. BATES
Assistant Sup't.

Nov. 25, 1864. 184—2w.

FOR SALE!

$13.500 IN NORTH CAROLINA STATE Bonds. These bonds were issued for Western N. C., Wilmington, Charlotte & R, and Raleigh & G. R. R. Companies, and most of them authorized before the war.

W. H. JONES.

Nov. 14, 1864. 176—tf.

FAYETTEVILLE NORTH CAROLINA MILITARY ACADEMY.

THE FIRST SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will commence 1st of February, 1865.

Applications for admission must be made prior to the 1st January, 1865, about which time the terms will be made known.

Also, wanted two teachers of military education and a steward in this institution. Address

Maj. WM. A. BANKS,
Superintendent.

Octob er 24, 1864. 168—tf.

DAILY CONSERVATIVE.

The following rates will be charged for advertisements inserted in the DAILY and WEEKLY CONSERVATIVE:

ONE SQUARE OF EIGHT LINES, OR LESS

One day,	$ 3 00	One week,	$18 00
Two days,	6 00	Two weeks,	36 00
Three days,	9 00	Three weeks,	45 00
Four days,	12 00	One month,	72 00
Five days,	15 00	Two months,	144 00

When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Obituaries, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance.

GOVERNMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

His Excellency, Zebulon B Vance, Buncombe, Governor.
Col David A Barnes, Northampton, Ald.
Col George Little, Wake. do
M S Robins, Randolph, Private Secretary.
Dr Edward Warren, Chowan, Surgeon General.
John P H Russ, Wake, Secretary of State.
Jonathan Worth, Randolph, Public Treasurer.
Curtis H Brogden, Wayne, Comptroler.
Richard H Battle, Jr, Anson, Auditor.
Oliver H Perry, Wake, State Librarian.
Washington C. Kerr, of Mecklenburg, State Geologist.
Major General R C Gatlin, Lenoir, Adjutant General.
Major William B Gulick, Beaufort, Paymaster.
Major John Devereux, Wake, Quartermaster.
Major T D Hogg, Wake, Commissary and Ordnance Officer.
Major James Sloan, Guilford, Quartermaster.
Major Henry A Dowd, Edgecombe, do
Major James H. Foote, Asst. Adjt. Gen., (Roll of Honor.)
Major William A Graham, Jr., Ass't Adjt. General.
Lieut. Josiah Collins, Washington county, Ordnance Department.
Lieut. Thomas White, Franklin, Asst. Quartermaster.
Lieut. Isaac W. Garrett, Edgecombe, Asst. Quartermaster.
Lieut. Thaddeus McGee, Wake, Asst. Commissary.
Lieut. Charles H. Thompson, Wake, Asst. Commissary.
Lieut. Geo. W. Thompson, Caswell, Assistant Adjutant General, (Roll of Honor.)

JUDICIAL.

SUPREME COURT.

Richmond M Pearson, Yadkin, Chief Justice.
Wm H Battle, Orange, and Matthias E Manly, Craven, Judges.
Sion H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General.
Patrick H Winston, Wake, Reporter.
Edmund B Freeman, Wake, Clerk.
[Meets in the city of Raleigh second Monday in June each year. The Morganton term has been discontinued.]

SUPERIOR COURTS.

Judges—Edwin G Reade, Person, Romulus M Saunders, Wake; Robert Heath, Chowan; Robt S French, Robeson; James W Osborne, Mecklenburg; George Howard, Wilson; William M Shipp, Henderson; Robert B Gilliam, Granville.

Solicitors—1st Circuit, Jesse J Yeates, Hertford; 2nd Circuit, Charles C Clark, Craven; 3rd Circuit, Sion H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; 4th Circuit, Thomas Settle, Rockingham; 5th Circuit, Ralph Buxton, Cumberland; 6th Circuit, Robert F Armfield, Yadkin; 7th Circuit, William P Bynum, 8th Circuit, Augustus S Merrimon, Buncombe.

CONFEDERATE COURT.

Hon Asa Biggs, Martin, Judge.
George V Strong, Wayne, District Attorney.
Pride Jones, Orange, Marshal.
Clerk of Albemarle District, Joseph Ramsay.
Clerk of Pamlico District, Wm M Watson.
Clerk of Cape Fear District, Daniel Coleman.
[The next Term will be held as follows: Albemarle District at Halifax, on 2d May next. Pamlico District, at Goldsboro', on 5th May next. Cape Fear District, at Concord, on 8th May next.]

COUNCIL OF STATE.

F B Satterthwaite, Pitt; A G Foster, Randolph; Dr J Galloway, Wilkes; L Eldredge, Johnston; J H Hargrave, Anson; P H Winston, jr, Bertie; A T Davidson, Macon.

LITERARY BOARD.

His Excellency, Z B Vance, President, *Ex Officio*; L C Edwards, Granville; Prof Richard Sterling, Guilford; Dr Wm Sloan, Gaston; M S Robins, Randolph, Treasurer.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT BOARD.

His Excellency, Z B Vance, President, *Ex Officio*, Wm Eaton, Jr. of Warren; Henry Nutt, New Hanover; Col John D Hyman, Henderson.

COMMISSIONERS OF SINKING FUND.

Hon Thomas Ruffin, Alamance, Hon Weldon Edwards, Warren, Hon David L Swain, Orange. Quentin Busbee, Wake, Secretary.

The University of North Carolina is at Chapel Hill.—Hon David L Swain, President.

Rev Calvin H Wiley is Superintendent of the Common Schools of the State.

Willie J Palmer, A M, is Principal of the N C Instution for the Deaf Dumb and the Blind, at Raleigh.

Dr Edward C Fisher is Superintendent of the Insane Asylum

INSPECTOR'S NOTICE.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH PAR. I GENERAL ORders, No. 81, A. and I. G. O. current series, all persons in 5th Congressional District between the ages of 17 and 50 years holding certificates of permanent exemption by reason of disability, also those assigned to light duty will report at the following times and places for Inspection:

COUNTY.	PLACE.	TIME.
Orange,	Hillsboro,	Dec. 2d and 3d.
Wake,	Raleigh,	" 5, 6 and 7th.
Franklin,	Louisburg,	" 9th and 10th.
Granville,	Oxford,	" 12, 13 and 14.
Warren,	Warrenton,	" 15th.
Nash,	Nashville,	" 19th and 20

Prompt compliance with this notice is expected, and any person or persons failing to attend will be subjected to arrest by conscript guard and forwarded for re-examination by Select Board at Camp Holmes. When the party is unable on account of sickness to attend on the days appointed, the attending physician's certificate must be presented, which must contain the exact physical condition of the party—the nature and extent of the disease or wound.

Wm. M SWANN,
Capt. and Ins. 3d Cor. Dist. N. C.

Nov. 30, 1864. 190—2w.

Executive Department North Carolina,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.
RALEIGH, Nov. 1, 1864.

GENERAL ORDERS,
No. 16.

I. FOR THE INFORMATION OF ALL CONCERNED. It is declared that the Guard for Home Defence consists of ALL white male persons who are exempt by law from service in the Confederate Army, between the ages of eighteen and fifty years, residents in the State, including foreigners not naturalized who have been resident in the State for thirty days, before enrollment, excepting such persons as are exempt by the laws of the State, by orders of the Governor, or on account of physical disability.

II. Company commanders will each on the next drill day make an exact roll of his company in accordance with the above declaration and transmit the same to his Battalion commander to be sent by him without delay to this office. Upon the receipt of these company rolls, Battalion commanders having arms and accoutrements the property of the State in their possession or the possession of their men, after retaining a gun and accoutrements for each man of his command will send the remainder to this city to Maj. T. D. Hogg, Ordnance Officer.

III. The second paragraph of General Orders No. 9, making it the duty of all Militia and Home Guard Officers to arrest any officer or agent who in making impressments fails to comply with the impressing laws in every particular is hereby so modified as to make it the duty of all such officers to call out their commands to assist in arresting any person against whom a civil warrant is directed upon application of any Judge or Justice of the Peace stating that the civil officer is not able to make the arrest without aid from the militia. It being thus made the duty of all Militia and Home Guard Officers to assist the civil authority in suppressing illegal impressments, it is h

DAILY CONSERVATIVE.

BY J. B. NEATHERY & CO.

SATURDAY, - - - DECEMBER 10, 1864.

☞ We shall be obliged to our friends who receive private dispatches or letters interesting to the public, to furnish them to us for publication.

☞ Our friends writing to us from different parts of the State will always oblige us by giving us all the local items of interest in that particular section.

Legislative Summary.—In joint convention of the two Houses the vote for Governor was counted yesterday and Zebulon B. Vance formally declared elected.

In the *Senate* the military committee reported a bill to empower the Governor in an emergency to order State forces beyond the State limits, though Home Guards are not to be kept out beyond sixty days.

In the *House* the discusion of the *habeas corpus* resolutions continued and a bill for the relief of soldiers, families passed.

The Senatorship. The election of the Hon Thos. S. Ashe, of Anson, to the Confederate States Senate for the term of six years from the 22d day of February 1866 should be hailed with great satisfaction by all persons of truly *Conservative* principles.

A life long Whig of the Clay and Webster school, Mr. Ashe's devotion to the Old Union continued unshaken up to the very day of its downfall in April 1861. In February of that year he was a successful candidate in his county, when the question upon the people was *Convention* or *no-Convention* and the contest was between those who would and those who would not for the existing causes have the State secede from the Federal government. He was not a candidate for a seat in the Convention that met in May following, he did not participate in the *necessary* work of pulling down the edifice he had once so much admired.

His election to the lower branch of our first regular Congress and his course during the two years of his service in that body are known to our readers While in no instance did he offer factious opposition to the administration, he could challenge any member of that or the present Congress to show rom the journals a more *conservative* and a consistent record. We have reason to believe that his and Gov. Graham's sentiments are identical on all the great questions of the day, whether affecting the national or State government, and we entertain no fears but that our honor, dignity and best interests, as a people, are perfectly safe in their keeping.

We much doubt the intimation of the *Confederate* that Gov. Vance has attempted to exert his influence in favor of another, and we feel sure that he is, as we are, fully satisfied with the result of the election.

There are certain persons and presses in this State that during the sessions of the past Legislature and since the commencement of the session of the present, have indulged themselves in the most constant and indiscriminate abuse of the sentiments attributed to the party they acknowledge to have been in the majority in both the last and present General Assemblies. To us such persons and presses seem to be completely stultifying themselves. They are ashamed to say that of the State, the good old mother, of whom they have by the way, a strange way of showing the ir fondness, it in their hearts any such feeling now lingers—they are ashamedto say that of the State they are constantly affirming of the majority of her Legislators; that they are untrue to the cause of the South, that they are Yankee sympathisers, that they wish to bring about a reconstruction of the old Union, &c.—while all this tirade is indulged in they allow that the State herself is not tinged with such dastardly sentiments and do her the honor to say that last summer when the matter was tested and her people were called on to make choice between two candidates for her Chief-Magistracy, one of whom was known to have his heart and soul in the cause of the South and the other was at least suspected of being not so true, she nobly vindicated herself by her unanimity in favor of the former.

These defamers of our legislators would have us believe that though the people could distinguish between the true and the untrue in closing their executive, they were entirely blind in their election of their legislators, or that those legislators have changed their colors since they came up to Raleigh.

Now the present legislature is substantially of the same complexion of the last, and its "leaders" on the side of the majority are in most instances the same men we had here two years ago. If there had been a great change and the majority was now decidedly on the side of the persons and presses above alluded to, we might conclude that they were right in their estimate of the former majority. But after all their abuse and earnest appeals against the servants the people had seen fit to employ, we find the decision of the people is in favor of continuing these servants in her employ. Their trial has been one of fire, all their acts and votes have been scrutinized, and still we have them for our law-givers. The verdict of the people has been against their defamers. This verdict being of record the voice of these persons and presses should be hushed. There is no higher Court to which to appeal than the people. The matter at issue has been adjudicated by the people, and the voice raised now is that of the unsuccessful litigant in *a passion* because of his defeat. A sense of decency requires that this voice be hushed. It serves no purpose in the world but to prevent a compromise of any future subjects of dispute or litigation, and a regard for policy dictates that the matter so solemnly and deliberately settled should be, by all, treated as *at rest*.

For one, we deprecate the wrangling and party strife some so love to foment, and we hope to preserve our temper under whatever abuse may be heaped on us from one side or the other. It was a suggestion of a Latin poet: "*In medio tutissimus ibis*," and we regard it as the best of *Conservative* mottoes. We pursue the *safe middle path*, and intend not to go out of our way unnecessarily, to trouble the extremists on either side of us. The honor of the State and a regard for our own dignity seems so plainly to point to the path we try to pursue that we wonder any should wander from it, on one side or the other. It is broad and smooth and there need be no jolting as we travel along. In this path we believe the greater number of our present law-givers to be travelling and they should be allowed to pursue their journey uninterrupted by the angry voice of faction.

It seems now to be a fixed conclusion that every part of the country must support itself. If a region, with indifferent soil and few slaves, is visited by protracted drouths, great floods, or killing and untimely frosts, and fail to produce enough of the staples of life for its own support and to pay its tithes, it must look to Providence alone for help; for it seems that no tale of distress will suffice to relax the rule that corn and meat shall not be moved from districts abounding in plenty to those on the point of famine. And when the buyer is thus shut up to his immediate neighbors for his purchases of supplies, and not one in ten of these has made a surplus, we still hear of sage conjectures as to the unaccountable advance in prices when money is so scarce. To add to the perplexity of the poor consumer, much of the surplus in his community is pressed by the government at prices that will not pay for its production; and thus a price is fixed on that to be sold to private parties sufficiently high to pay for it, for the tithe, and for that which has been pressed. And so in the scarce districts, those who have not made enough for their own support have to pay a tithe of what they have, and when they buy, are shut in to market where there is a lively competition among purchasers, none among sellers, and where they have to pay the value of what they get, and half the value of an equal amount taken by the pressing agents. To whom shall they complain? Which way shall they look for help?

Their county authorities would do something for them—but alas! these try in vain to obtain the privilege of moving stores from abundant regions.

What is to be done? Is there no redress? If this state of things continues starvation will be inevitable, and that nearly in sight of abundance—robbery, now fearfully prevalent, will be the rule, not the exception, and those who would avoid these horrors will have to remove within our military lines with their wives and little ones.

The Concert on Thursday evening at the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind was a splendid success, and to Mr. Willie J. Palmer the gentlemanly and energetic Principal we are indebted for the most pleasant entertainment of the season. The singing was excellent, the instrumental pieces well performed, and the exercises generally highly entertaining. The Institution is in a very prosperous condition, and when at the close of the exercises the Blind pupils and the Teachers joined in the heart-thrilling chorus of the immortal Gaston, we felt that it was one of which every son and daughter of North Carolina should feel proud.

At the suggestion of a gentleman in the audience a collection was taken up for the purpose of giving the pupils a Chrismas dinner.

We are gratified to learn that Sergt. Douglas Bell, Transportation Agent in Capt W. E. Pierce's Department has been promoted on the recommendation of that officer to Bonded Agent of the Quarter Master's Department, with orders to report to Captain W. E Pierce, A. Q M for assignment to duty.

Resignations. The following resignations have been accepted:

Major W. J. Boggan, 43d N. C. T; Lieut. D. W. Eller, 1st N. C Cavalry; Capt. C. M. TheMcCauley, 10th Battalion N. C. T; Lieut. W. W. P. Hollard, 16th do; Lieut. E Smith, Capt. Bass' co. do; A. A. Mitchell, Capt. Caswell Reserves.

Correction. In the vote for Senator, Mr. Lane is reported as voting for W. N. H. Smith. He voted for Hon. John A. Gilmer.

For the Conservative.

Washington, Dec. 5th, 1864.

Mr Editor:—We wish to avail ourselves of the columns of your paper to acknowledge publicly the very great kindness and liberality of our former townsman, William H. Willard, Esq, at present of Saluda Factory, Columbia, S. C.

Immediately after the evacuation of Washington by the enemy, and its partial destruction, Mr. W. contributed the sum of $5,000 to the relief of the sufferers. More recently, in view of the necessities of winter, he has donated the additional sum of $1,000, to be applied to the use of the aged and destitute—particularly females.

This is a tardy, and to Mr. Willard an altogether unlooked for acknowledgment, but it is due him, besides it is refreshing in these days of speculation and general rapacity, to be able to chronicle a deed that will shine before a naughty world.

MANY RECIPIENTS.

Other papers will please copy.

THE POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

A glance at the report of the Postmaster General rather impresses us with the opinion that he is one of the chief extortioners of the day. For very poor service, constant failures of the mails, denial of ordinary and important mail facilities, and even such a want of mail bags as to oblige Postmasters to send off the mails in their own private corn sacks—(which they never see again,)—for such service as this, we say, Mr. Reagan has realized out of the people a net profit of more than 250 per cent upon his outlay. In other words his payments have been $1,083,058 45, and his receipts $2,814,720 74. And in the past two years he has accumulated in the Treasury the large sum of $4,079,624 04 of profits. Now we think this is shameful. The post office department was not established as a money making concern, but to accommodate the public with mails.—But here we find Mr. Reagan piling up his millions and refusing to establish mail routes ordered by Congress, and even denying to the soldiers in camp the little pittance of receiving their newspapers free of postage, which might probably diminish his profits some twenty or thirty thousand dollars a year.

An increase of the commissions of postmasters and other officers is recommended, and an increase of 50 per cent to railroads carrying the mails.

One third of Mr. Reagan's report is devoted to the subject of frauds on the revenue by the Southern Express Company in carrying mailable matter in defiance of law, against which he recommends the most severe and stringent laws.—*Fayetteville Observer.*

Sad Affair.—Mr. A. K. Moore, a well known and highly-esteemed citizen of Bristo was shot and instantly killed Saturday afternoon, by Captain Dennet, A. Q M. An altercation had occurred between the parties, which lead to a blow on the part of Mr. Moore, when Capt. Dennet drew a pistol and shot him through the heart. The occurrence has cast a gloom over the community. Mr Moore leaves a wife and child overwhelmed with grief by this harrowing calamity.

We learn the above from the Bristol Register. Mr. Moore was at the time the editor and proprietor of the Petersburg Intelligencer, and was a worthy and intelligent gentleman.—*Lynchburg Virginian.*

Regular Mails to Atlanta.—The Augusta papers state that arrangements have been made by which the mails will in a few days be carried regularly to Atlanta via Milledgeville and Macon, untill the railroad is completed to that point.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SENATE.

Friday, December 9, 1864.

The bill to allow the distillation of a certain quantity of liquor from grain for medicinal purposes being before the Senate.

Mr. Miller, of Cleaveland, advocated the passage of some act of the nature, stating it as the result of his experience that liquor distilled from grain was of very great use in certain sicknesses, and arguing generally for the proposed amendment.

Leave of absence was granted to Messrs. Jones, Harris, Pitchford, and Grier, till Tuesday next.

Mr. Mathews moved that a message be sent the House asking the concurrence of that body in an adjournment of the General Assembly on the 23d of December over to the 2d of January 1865, but subsequently withdrew the motion.

The military committee reported a bill to empower the Governor to order beyond the limits of the State, at such times and for such periods of emergency as he might deem proper, the State troops—excepting, however, that the Home Guard should not be so sent out of the State for more than sixty days at a time. Also, reported back a bill to exempt the employees of the powder works from military duty, with a recommendation that it do not pass; also, the act amendatory of the militia and Home Guard act, with a similar recommendation, another bill for the purposes desired being now maturing in committee.

A message being received from the House proposing at 12 m. to proceed to count the votes for Governor, the Senate acceeded thereto.

The bill to continue in force the act of 1863 in relation to salaries and fees, passed its third reading, as also some bills and resolutions of a private nature.

The speaker announced that he had received from the House, and would proceed to ratify, bills in relation to the C. S. distillery at Salisbury, to incorporate the Bingham School and the Trustees of the Orphan Educational Fund, and a resolution to instruct Major Dowd to pay certain monies into the State Treasury.

The hour of twelve having arrived the Senate proceeded to the Commons Hall to assist at the counting of votes in the last Gubernatorial election, and returning thereafter to the Senate Chamber, adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Atkinson, of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Phillips rose to a personal explanation in reference to a charge that had been made against his right to a seat in the House of Commons, on the ground of his holding a position of trust and profit under the State. he denied that he held any such position, and explained that, at the last session he had been appointed Commissioner to investigate the State blockade operations, with instructions to report at this session. He had discharged his office before he was elected and when he took the oath of office in the house held no position of trust or profit. Should doubt remain on the minds of any gentlemen as to the correctness of the views he had expressed or as to his right to a seat, he ought to call for an investigating Committee.

Mr. Grissom rose to a personal explanation. He had been incorrecty reported in two of the papers as voting in the election for C. S Senator for Mr. Ashe. He had not voted being absent from his seat on business for his constituents, but had he been present he should have voted as on previous balloting for Hon. E. G. Reade, whose ability, patriotism, and fidelity, entitle him to the confidence of the *Conservative* party of the country."

The result of the joint election for Senator was announced as follows: Of the 158 votes cast Mr. Ashe received 80, Mr. Reade 70, Mr. Gilmer 5, and Mr. Smith 3. Mr. Ashe thus being elected.

The Committee on Finance reported a bill to support the N. C. Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, and the Blind, recommending its passage; a bill for the relief of soldiers families (appropriating $3,000,000;) a bill to ask compensation ($241,990.85) from Congress for expenses incurred by the State in executing the Conscript laws and arresting deserters; and a bill to exempt from taxation the property of North Carolina soldiers, asking to be discharged from its further consideration

The Military Committee reported a resolution that the First N C regiment of volunteers be enrolled as such on the Roll of Honour, recommending it do not pass.

Mr. Caldwell introduced a resolution to prevent the levying a tax on North Carolina Treasury notes.

Mr. Harris, a bill to incorporate the Pee Dee Lodge, No. 150, of ancient York Masons.

Mr. Shepherd said some of the remarks that had fallen from the gentleman from Orange, were so intended for himself that he could not but make some response On the case presented by the gentleman and in accord with the facts brought forward he saw no ground for a committee on investigation, and would not call for one.

The Speaker announced he had ratified resolutions in relation to the Salisbury distillery; to incorporate the Trustees of the Orphan Educational Fund, and a resolution calling on Maj Dowd to pay over certain moneys

Mr. Shepherd moved a message be sent the Senate inviting that body to the Commons Hall to count, in joint convention, the votes in the Gubernatorial election of August last. Agreed to.

The unfinished business of yesterday—the *Habeas Corpus* resolutions—coming up,

Mr. J. H. Headen proceeded to address the House thereon, saying there had been unconstitutional measures passed by Congress, and instancing as some, the conscription act and the act suspending the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus*. He would never, never agree to reconstruction or live under Abe Lincoln. He believed the resolutions all right, gave them his cordial approval, and believed there was nothing in them but what North Carolina could endorse.

The hour for counting the votes arriving Mr. Headen suspended his remarks, and the Senate entering the Commons Hall, the votes were counted out. At the conclusion of the counting Speaker Mebane announced that the whole number of votes cast was 72305, of which W. W. Holden had received 4,432, and Z B. Vance 57,873 and that said Zebulon B Vance was therefore duly elected Governor of North Carolina for two years from the 1st of January 1865.

The Senate then retired from the Hall to the Senate Chamber and the House adjourned.

[Certain corrections of the vote for Senator having been made on the journals, it should be similarly stated here that Mr. Lowe voted for Mr. Gilmer and not for Mr. Smith, and that Mr. Grissom did not vote.]

A Good Word For Bingham's Grammer.—Speaking of school books, one of the oldest and most successful teachers in the Confederacy remarked to us yesterday that Bingham's Latin Grammar is the best work of the kind that he ever saw, it ought to be a fortune to its author. This book is one of the recent productions of our southern press. The author is Mr. Wm. Bingham, of the Bingham School, in Orange county. The same author also recently published an edition of Cæsar's Commentaries on the Gallic War, with vocabulary notes.—*Charlotte Bulletin.*

Run Ashore.—The Wilmington *Journal* learns that off the night of Friday or the morning of Saturday, the steamship Ella belonging to the "Bee" Co., was run ashore on Bald Head Beach. Heavy firing has been heard in that direction.

The *Carolinian* says that Judge Mograth is a candidate for the Governorship of South Carolina.

WAR NEWS.

STEELE GOING TO THE AID OF THOMAS.

An official dispatch, received at the War Department, says that "scouts report that General Steele, with fifteen thousand troops, landed at Memphis on the 24th ultimo, and went up the river on the 26th. It is supposed they are going to reinforce Thomas at Nashville. This movement should put General Kirby Smith in motion.

YANKEE RAID IN EAST LOUISIANA.

Information has been received of a Yankee raid from Baton Rouge on Clinton, Summit and Brookhaven, Louisiana, in which the enemy carried off one hundred and fifty prisoners, several hundred mules and negroes, and three pieces of cannon. About the 25th ultimo they again left Baton Rouge, 5,000 strong, crossed the Amite river, and moved in the direction of the Mobile and Ohio railroad, upon which it is presumed they design a descent.—*Enquirer.*

FROM GEORGIA

There is not much news from the Front since yesterday morning. The enemy are still moving south as fast as practable. Their precise destination cannot yet be well surmised. A few more days however will serve to develop Mr. Sherman's aim. Take what rout he may,e he will be met with a force that is hardly expected by him—We have no fears for the result. The wisdom and sagacity of the leaders who are with us give us confidence. We have several Generals who are every whit equal to Mr. Sherman, and we think it will be proven within a fortnight.—*Augusta Register.*

SHERMAN'S MOVEMETS.

We received no news from Sherman on yesterday. At our last advices, he was believed to be moving towards the coast, and our troops were concentrating to obstruct his route.

We are glad to see from the Augusta papers that the railroad companies in Georgia are going to work vigorously to reconstruct and repair their railroads. The Central railroad is already running from Macon nearly to Gordon. The Atlanta and West Point road will be in running order in a month, and the Georgia road, from Augusta to Atlanta in forty days.

Later accounts, received last night, state that Sherman is moving in two columns down the Ogeechee river, one column on either side.

It is evident that Gen. S. D. Lee, of Hood's army, does not coincide with the Yankees in their estimate of the results of the battle of the 30th, as the Northern papers tell us he has issued an order congratulating his troops upon their victory.

It seems that reinforcements are being hurried to Thomas from the Trans-Mississippi. cial dispatch, received at the War office, on yeste day says:

"Scouts report that Gen. Steele, with fifteen thousand troops, landed at Memphis on the 24th, ultimo, and went up the river on the 25th. It is supposed they are going to reinforce Thomas at Nashville. This movement should put General Kuby Smith in motion."

FROM NORTH ALABAMA

General Beauregard telegraphs to the War Department that Gen. Roddy reports from Decatur that Lieut. Col. Wyndes captured two locomotives with their tenders, twenty cars and the pontoon bridges across the river, mostly in good order.

The following telegrams from Lieut. Col. Wyndes, of the 40th Alabama cavalry was received at Tuscumbia on the 27th ult:

Decatur, Nov. 28, 6 P. M.

To Brig. Gen. Roddy:

I have just returned from Huntsville. The enemy evacuated last night. I entered town immediately with a lieutenant and two men at daylight. Scouted two miles each side of town, found no enemy and returned; had just arrived when a train loaded with two hundred negro soldiers came in from direction of Stevenson, after negro women and children.

I, with one man attacked the engineer with pistols, and frightened him so that he ran the engine off the track. I pretended I had a regiment near by, and caused the negro troops to stampede. I had the engine put on the track, and with twenty-five cars brought to Decatur, am now putting my regiment on it to go to the assistance of Col. Russell, who has the road cut above Brownsboro', and nine trains loaded with ordnance and quartermaster's stores cut off and guarded by 200 troops Col. Russell says they have destroyed two trains, and if pressed, will destroy the remainder.

T. W. Wyndes,
Lieut. Col. Comd'g 40th Ala. Cavalry.

By action of the War Department the 9th Battaion Reserves, N C commanded by Maj. D. T. Millard, has been constituted the 1st Battalion Reserves N. C. All communications addressed to any member of the command must therefore be addressed in care of Maj Millard of the 1st, instead of 9th Battalion, Reserves N. C., now encamped at Camp Lamb, Wilmington, N. Carolina.

The Battalion has been Brigaded with the 1st, 2d & 3d Regiments Reserves N. C., and to be commanded by Col. F.S. Armstead of 1st Regiment.—*Salisbury Watchman.*

Progress of the Enemy.—Our advices in reference to Sherman's movements are very meagre. The advance was reported to be skirmishing on yesterday, at station Two and a Half, twenty-five miles from Savannah. They were pressing vigorously towards Savannah.—*Chronicle & Sentinel, Dec 7th.*

Engagement at Coosawhatchee.—A sharp engagement was in progress on yesterday at Coosawhatchee. We have no particulars of the affair.

Coosawhatchee is a station on the Charleston and Savannah Railroad near Pocataligo, nine miles from Grahamville, and 43 miles from Savannah.—*Chronicle & Sentinel.*

Death of Esq. Foust.—We record with sadness the death of Isaac H. Foust, Esquire, of Randolph county. Mr. Foust was a most excellent man and a valuable citizen to his adopted county. He has been quite useful as a public servant in Randolph, having been for several years a member of the special Court and once or twice a member of the House of Commons. His death will be much mourned and his loss not easily supplied as a Magistrate and citizen of the county.—He had been unwell for some time, and fears were entertained by his friends, that he would not recover. He hath passed away early in life and in the midst of usefulness, leaving an interesting family to mourn his demise.—*Greensboro' Patriot.*

TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS.

[OF THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION]

Entered according to act of Congress, in the year 1861, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States of the Northern District of Georgia.

Congressional.

Richmond, Dec. 8.

In the Senate a resolution was introduced some days since in relation to the seizure of the *Florida*, was amended and adopted.

Joint Resolution authorizing appointment of a commissioner to Brazil was also adopted.

Nothing of interest occurred in the House.

Secret session resumed.

Richmond, Dec. 9.

Nothing definite of general interest in either branch of Congress to-day.

Currency bill was discussed in the House.

From Petersburg.

Petersburg, Dec. 8.

The enemy's raiding column consisted of the 2d and 5th corps, with a large cavalry force in advance. They passed Nottoway river at Freeman's Bridge, last night, and this morning struck off through Sussex.

Some skirmishing occurred to-day between the enemy's cavalry and ours, in the vicinity of Jarratt's Depot.

Virginia Legislature.

Richmond, Dec. 8.

The General Assembly of Virginia convened on yesterday

Gov. Smith's message was received to day. He protests against the doctrine which would give able bodied men the right to walk about unmolested amid general suffering desolated and urges that the entire male population of the State may be embodied for the purpose of co-operating in one great struggle. He recommends a law authorizing and warning citizens of Virginia in foreign parts to return without delay, under penalty of confiscation of their property. He discusses the question of employing negro troops and says, "for my part, standing before God and country, I do not hesitate to say to arm such able bodied slaves as may be necessary.—Put them in the field so as to have them ready for the spring campaign. Even if it resulted in freedom of those so organized. He would employ them to fight the negro force of the enemy, aye, the Yankees themselves. The question is whether the enemy shall use our slaves against us or we use them against them. He recommends that the State borrow the gold of the banks to purchase Confederate currency at twenty for one—the gold to be returned at the end of the war. He also recommends the regulating the prices of all commodities by law.—The residue of the message is devoted to the consideration to prices, State interests, &c.

Northern News.

Richmond, Dec. 8.

Northern papers of the 6th received.

The latest Nashville telegram is dated the 4th.

No change in the military situation is reported.

Prisoners state that Gens. Gist, Stahl and Granbury were killed at Franklin, and Gen Scott was wounded.

Murfreesboro' bridge and part of Chatanooga are safe.

The destruction of rebel property to facilitate the defences of Nashville was immense.

James Watson Webb, Minister to Brazil, has assured the Brazilian government that the capture of the Florida was unauthorized by the government of the United States, and that all reparation which justice exacted, will be very freely offered.

Yankee Congress assembled on Monday. In the House credentials were presented by five representatives from Louisiana, and referred to the committee elections. Mr. Davis presented a remonstrance from Louisiana against the admission of the delegates.

Lincoln's message would not be delivered until Tuesday.

Gold in New York on Monday was 231½.

Richmond, Dec. 9.

New York papers of the 9th contains Lincoln's message is full. He says the condition of our foreign affairs is reasonable satisfactory, and we have strictly maintained neutrality between belligents in Mexico.

The ports of Norfolk, Fernandina and Pensacola had been opened and it is hoped foreign merchants will resort to these and other open ports rather than pursue contracts and trade with other ports closed by lawful effective blockade.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED,

A LADY AS A GOVERNESS QUALIFIED TO teach the English branches, French, Latin, and music, in a private family near Raleigh. Address BOX NO, 58, Raleigh, N. C. References given and required.
Dec. 10, 1864. 198—d4t.

Negroes Wanted at Pettigrew Hospital.

WANTED FOR THE ENSUING YEAR FIFTY OR SIXty negroes, men, and women, as nurses, cooks and laundresses The women must not be encumbered with children. Good rations and comfortable quarters will be furnished, and the highest price paid by government
Apply to H H. PETTIT,
Hospital steward Pettigrew Hosp tal.
Dec. 10, 1864. 198—dend.

SAVE YOUR BRISTLES!!

A LIBERAL PRICE WILL BE PAID FOR ALL Bristles delivered at the Conservative Office.
Dec. 10, 1864. 198—dtf

ATTENTION CO. "A" HOME GUARD

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED TO MEET AT Nash Square on Saturday December 10th, at 11 o'clock, A: M
By order of the Colonel,
S. W. SCOTT. Captain.

To the Members of the N. C. Senate

GENTLEMEN: I RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE myself as Candidate for the office of Principal Clerk of the Senate, vice C. R Thomas, Esq., elected Secretary State.
Very respectfully,
Your ob't serv't.
FRANK I. WILSON.
Dec. 10, 1864. 198—dtf

LOST.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO FOUND A BLANK BOOK, containining sundry papers, at the Depot in Raleigh, on Friday night, the 2d inst., will confer a great favor by addressing me a note at Yadkinville, N. C.
DAVID H. RAY.
Dec. 9th, 1864. 198—d3t*

JUST RECEIVED.

A CONSIGNMENT OF 40 KEGS NAILS ASSORTED sizes. Also on hand 6 cases of pure Catawba Wine.
CREECH & LITCHFORD,
Commission Merchants and Auctioneers.
Dec. 9, 1864. 197—4t.

WANTED.

A NEAT HOUSE GIRL FOR THE ENSUING YEAR. Apply at this office. 197—

FOR RENT FOR 1865,

A PLEASANT FAMILY RESIDENCE, IN THIS CITY SITuated two hundred yards east of the Yarborough Hotel, in a large grove. The residence contains five rooms, supplied with gas.
Excellent kitchen and all necessary outhouses. A large garden containing nearly an acre of land. Possession given first of January 1865. Apply to,
J. KINSEY.
Nov. 10 1864. 180—dtf

MINERAL FIRE-PROOF PAINT.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO SUPPLY ANY QUANTity of this Paint in powder. It is a Peroxide of Iron, and will stand the most severe tests with fire. Color deep reddish brown.
Specimens of Paint and Oil can be seen at the store of Tucker, Andrews & Co., Raleigh.
HENRY E. COLTON, Agt. F. K. Co.
Fayetteville Nov. 28, 1864. 189—tf